Science Knowledge and Skills Overview Class 3

<u>Year B</u>

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Plants – life cycles	Rocks	Forces and Magnets	Sound	Electricity	Nature and the
						Environment
Knowledge	 Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering 	 Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter 	 Compare how things move on different surfaces Notice that some forces need contact between 2 objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials 	 Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from 	 Identify common appliances that run on electricity Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and 	 Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things

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	plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal		 Describe magnets as having 2 poles Predict whether 2 magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing 	the sound source increases	associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit • Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductor	
Skills	 Ask relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests 	 Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, 	 Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests Make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers 	 Ask relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations 	 Ask relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations 	 Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests Make systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers

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	 bar charts, and tables Use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions 	 and data loggers Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions Use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes Use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to 	of results and conclusions Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes Use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings	of results and conclusions Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes	 and data loggers Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables Use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple
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			support their findings.			 scientific ideas and processes Use straightforward scientific evidence to
						answer questions or to support their findings
Vocabulary	Transpiration, Photosynthesis, Carbon Dioxide, Pollination, Dispersal, Xylem, Phloem, Glucose, Nutrients, Transport, Root, Petal, Anther, Filament, Stigma	Metamorphic, Igneous, Sedimentary, Soil, Weathering, Acid rain, Fossil, Mineral, Physical, Biological, Chemical, Tectonic plates, Mountain	Lodestone, Horseshoe, Bar, Attract, Repel, Compass, Magnetic needle, Pendulum, Aluminium, Copper,	Vibration, Speed of sound, Soundproof, Sound wave, Frequency, Decibel, Eardrum, Pitch, Hertz, Perforated, Noise	Series circuit, Circuit diagram, Parallel circuit, Conductor, Insulator, Loop, Switch, Resistance, Bulb, Cell, Renewable, Electricity, Solar, Power	Ecology, Interdependent, Ecosystem, Environment, Pollute, Chemical, Habitat, Emission, Manufacture, Hazardous, Waste, Radioactive, Renewable, Deforestation

<mark>Key Vocabulary</mark>